

lusions in high life. Shocking details of crime, which ought not to be mentioned in public, and published in the newspapers that the worst of the French novelists would have shunned. And the poison enters into the church, and when it comes all around we hear our enemies exulting.

"Ask yourself," the Bishop continued, "if you have been faithful in your attendance at church, or have you yielded to the temptations for the goddess and the churchless Sunday. Have you taken your part in the Lord's day and made the plea that it was for health and recreation, neglecting the worship of God?"

In the Bishop's opinion the clergy's shortcomings are not enough. People expect them to be leaders, but what about the people themselves he asked.

"You may depend upon one thing, good friends," he said, "that in the main the ministry will take its color from the people. The most hopeful man will lose spirit if he lives among pessimists; the most faithful will grow cold without encouragement. As it is with the people so it is with the priest," said the Great Prophet, and the words have their meaning to-day.

In conclusion the Bishop said:

"As we draw near to this communion rail to-day to commune our hearts to Christ may we say a prayer for him who has been a traitor and for her who has been betrayed and for ourselves that we may not in the face of temptations fall from grace. All the week long there has been ringing in my mind the soft gentle words of Keble's old hymn:

Oh, dearest mother, since thou art
The world's yet, win some, Dumas trail,
Even from thine arms, so kind and soft,
May I try thine comforts never fail.

When faithless ones forsake thy wing,
Be it thy touch that still to see
Thy true, fond nurslings closer cling,
Cling closer to thy Lord and thee.

The Bishop denied after the service that he meant his sermon as a criticism on the temptations of the world. When he was speaking about the clergy reflecting the color of the people he meant the nation generally, he said.

The Bishop before he left Hempstead called on Mrs. Cooke, the wife of the missing rector, who had not attended the service. Mrs. Cooke had been waiting for him from her collapse on Saturday when she returned to the rectory. She told the Bishop that she had not received any word from her husband since he disappeared with his ward was a complete mystery to her. Mrs. Cooke will remain in Hempstead until Tuesday, when she will quit the rectory.

The Bishop yesterday permitted District Attorney Franklin A. Coles to read the letter which Cooke sent to the Bishop at Garden City on the day of his disappearance. Up to that time the Bishop had guarded its contents carefully on the ground that it was purely personal and that it was not to be allowed to read the letter, and the Bishop gladly complied with his request. The letter was a long one, and the Bishop's opinion that the letter was of personal character and that there would be no justification for its being made public. A good reason for believing that the letter criticizes the church.

Absolutely no clue was obtained yesterday by the Nassau county authorities as to the whereabouts of the missing rector, and it is believed now that they are out of the State, if not out of the country.

ROOSEVELT SPEAKS UP FOR TAFT.

He is the Best Equipped Man to Succeed Him as President.

CLEVELAND, May 5.—Although President Roosevelt yesterday declined an invitation to speak at Cleveland because he feared it might be construed as boomerang Taft, there is no doubt, according to A. Jay Miller of Bellefontaine, that his choice for the Presidency is the Secretary of War.

Mr. Miller, who is one of the Republican leaders of Logan county, to-night said:

"Last Monday morning at the White House I assured the President that the Eighth Ohio district, as well as the entire State, was heartily in accord with him and his policies, and if he would be a candidate to succeed himself Ohio Republicans would be for him; if not, then Secretary Taft was strongly favored by the people of Ohio, and that his strength was growing rather than diminishing.

"To this the President replied that Secretary Taft ought to be nominated and that he was the best man for the office. The President said this was a fact because of Taft's knowledge of present conditions in national affairs. He added that Secretary Taft was a man of high character, and that some of the most delicate affairs of the present administration and that he is the best equipped for the duties that would devolve upon the incumbent of the Presidential chair."

H. K. BURRAS WAS SPEEDING

And a Yonkers Judge Fined Him Quickly Because He Will Sail To-day.

YONKERS, May 5.—The chauffeur of H. K. Burras, an officer of the Auto Club of America, was arrested here this evening for speeding. Mr. Burras was in the machine and protested vigorously, saying that he was to sail to-morrow for Europe and couldn't come back to attend court.

City Judge John W. Leach, who held court at once, imposing a fine of \$10 on each man in the Burras machine at the time of arrest. The passengers were Mr. and Mrs. Burras and their daughter, who was married on Wednesday evening in New York and that the party was hastening to New York to attend a prenuptial supper to-night.

Mr. Burras is one of those in charge of the auto speedway to be built on Long Island. He is a broker and lives at the Hotel Netherland.

KILLED ON BELMONT ESTATE.

Workman Thrown Fifty Feet by Explosion of Acetylene Gas.

BABYLON, L. I., May 5.—William Buckley, 35 years old, who was employed on the Belmont estate at North Babylon, was killed this evening.

The place is lighted with acetylene gas. Something went wrong with the plant and Buckley went out with a lighted lantern to adjust it. There was an explosion and he was thrown fifty feet and killed.

Proposed National Law on Campaign Funds.

Perry Belmont, as president of the National Publicity Bill Organization, sent a letter yesterday to each member of the Democratic and Republican national committees, asking:

1. Are you in favor of the enactment by Congress of a law requiring national and congressional campaign committees to make public all contributions to and expenditures by those committees?

2. Should such a proposed law require publication of campaign funds before or after election?

3. Will you use your influence in securing the enactment of a national publicity law at the coming session of Congress?

The Hartford Makes a New Record.

The American Fruit Company's steamship Bradford, in yesterday from Jamaica, made a record passage for a fruitier, covering the distance, 1,404 miles, in 4 days and 4 hours. The weather was cool and the sea calm, and nearly every one of her 28,000 bunches of bananas were green, or in ideal condition for the market.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews yesterday afternoon, the officers for the ensuing year were elected: President, Julius Ballin; vice-president, Mrs. S. Cohen; secretary, Mrs. S. Cohen; treasurer, Frederick Nathan. It was decided to hold an additional session on 10th street, west of Columbus avenue.

Venus Leads

This is the most perfect production in the pencil world. It has been achieved by years of experiment and the

Venus Pencil
Stands Supreme.
4B to 2B
17 Degrees—Softest to Hardest.
AMERICAN LEAD PENCIL CO.,
NEW YORK

If the Venus Pencil is wanted with immediate lead, ask for Venus Coping No. 12.

STREET CAR MEN STRIKE.

San Francisco Lines All Tied Up—General Fight on Union Labor in Prospect.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 5.—By unanimous vote the street car men struck early this morning and every line in the city is tied up. Not a single car was in operation to-day.

The only means of transportation for the people who usually use street cars were express wagons and furniture vans, which were converted into passenger coaches.

No attempt was made to operate cars to-day and no announcement has been made when cars will move, but all day men were busy putting coats and kitchen appliances in the cars.

President Calhoun is determined to run his cars and will have no further dealings with the union.

James Farley will have complete charge of the strike breakers, who will be placed on the cars, it is thought, to-morrow. Mr. Calhoun has been importing men for some time and in a statement issued to-day he says he has men enough to run the cars if he can be assured of protection.

Little confidence is felt that any honest effort will be made by the police to assist the company in running its cars.

It is known that Mr. Calhoun also thinks there is danger that those who inspired the graft inquiry will make capital of the present crisis.

Among employers generally it is felt that the street car conflict will result in a general fight on union labor. Already more than 15,000 men besides the car men are out and other unions are preparing to make demands.

REOPENS BROWNVILLE AFFAIR.

Inquiry Making Into Report That U. S. Arms and Ammunition Were Outside Fort.

Houston, Tex., May 5.—Lieut. Col. Francis H. French of the Inspector General's Department of the Army, who arrived here yesterday and began the examination of private soldiers on matters having a bearing upon the shooting of Brownville, will not finish his work for two or three days.

His visit practically amounts to a reopening of the Brownville inquiry. He will investigate matters brought out in the Penrose court-martial to the effect that there were extra guns and that some of them were found in a storeroom at the barracks at Fort Brown after the battalion of the Twenty-first Infantry quit that post.

The theory upon which Col. French seems to be proceeding is that ten or twelve regular army rifles and many rounds of ammunition were issued or were allowed to go into the hands of persons not connected with the army. The rifles were taken to the barracks of the battalion of the Twenty-first Infantry and the arrival of the Twenty-fifth, gives rise to the theory that there have been some of the rifles and rounds of ammunition in Brownville the night of the assault upon the town than those in the hands of the negro soldiers.

In addition to the rifles French will take up the matter of extra rifles which were stored at Fort Brown.

It is said that more courts-martial may grow out of the Brownville trouble and that two officers have to face charges as a result of investigations. Another feature is the report that a certain officer is alleged to have been in a Federal office, a citizen of Brownville, 500 rounds of ammunition. The investigation will be to ascertain upon what authority this ammunition was turned to a civilian and for what purposes it was used by the latter.

OUT IN HIS OWN AUTOMOBILE.

So Samuel Raives Was Surprised at Being Accused of Stealing It.

Samuel Raives, vice-president of the L. W. Sweet Jewelry Company, 30 Maiden Lane, was automobiling with his wife in Lenox avenue yesterday afternoon when he was hailed from the sidewalk near 110th street by a man who yelled:

"Hey, there, stop! I say, you'd better stop."

Raives stopped. Said the stranger then: "My automobile's been stolen and you've got it there." Raives warmly denied it, but the stranger hailed a policeman and had Raives taken to the Park police station and from there to the East Sixty-seventh street station to be charged with grand larceny. The lieutenant at the desk looked up the number in the automobile register. It corresponded with the number on the machine. The complainant, who said he was of the number of the stolen car, was around the station so used many words and such loud ones that upon the advice of the lieutenant Raives had him arrested on a counter charge of disorderly conduct.

Then somebody bothered him to ring up the Madison Square garage, where Samuel said he kept his machine.

"Is it here?" the reply came back over the telephone. "Sure it's here. Ain't been out to-day, sir."

"Just bug it, I guess," the lieutenant said a reporter last night.

But they looked him up all the same.

Falls Dead on a Ferryboat at St. George.

While walking off the municipal ferryboat Richmond at St. George at 2 o'clock yesterday morning a well dressed man collapsed and before Dr. Linton from St. Vincent's Hospital, Livingston, reached him he was dead. Heart disease apparently caused death. The man, who was alone, was about 45 years old, 5 feet 10 inches in height, weighed about 200 pounds and was of dark complexion. He had on a black sack suit, a black derby hat, white shirt, black four in hand tie, black hose and black lace shoes. In his pockets were a light watch, a key, a few pieces of a roll of bills amounting to \$10. Also there were two envelopes with the business card of Roberts & Co., 53 Whitehall street, printed on them. One was addressed to Dr. Page and the other John Reddy. They contained no other address.

Good Tidings Hall Opened.

Good Tidings Hall was opened yesterday morning at 414 West Forty-second street. Miss Mary Burgess, who came from Chicago, has been working for about a week to start this new mission and yesterday morning she announced that the hall would be open all day on Sundays and at certain times in the week. The hall is only a small room and will accommodate about twenty-five persons. Miss Burgess thinks that the neighborhood needs a mission.

GRN. DE PEYSTER DEAD AT 85

HIS ROSE HILL ESTATE NOW GOES TO THE ORPHAN HOUSE.

The General Lost Two Sons in the Civil War, Built Memorial Chapels in Memory of Them and of His Daughters and Left His Home to an Asylum.

Gen. John Watts de Peyster died at his home, 59 East Twenty-first street, at 11 o'clock on Saturday evening, in his 87th year. He had been suffering for some time from a chronic trouble, and a week ago this became so aggravated that Dr. Robert Watts, a distant relative, was sent for. Dr. Watts called Dr. W. F. Bull in consultation, but under their treatment Gen. de Peyster seemed to improve, but on Saturday afternoon there was a change for the worse and he began to sink rapidly.

For some time he had lived alone in the house except for the servants. They sent for Dr. Watts and then the General's grandchildren were summoned. These are Mrs. E. S. Hooper, Mrs. H. T. Martin, Mrs. Garrett B. Rip and John T. Martin. Mrs. Rip and Mrs. Martin were at his bedside when he died. The others arrived shortly afterward. Mrs. Johnston de Peyster, his daughter-in-law, arrived yesterday. All five of the General's children are dead and his wife died in 1897.

Gen. de Peyster was the son of Frederic de Peyster, Jr., who was born in Dutchess county, the father of the late Gen. Frederic de Peyster, Jr., was sixth in descent from the founder of the family in this country, Johannes de Peyster. In 1830 he married Estelle, daughter of John Green, but not without exciting remark. Gen. de Peyster was born in 1821. He married Estelle, daughter of John Green, in 1846. He was commissioned a Colonel of the National Guard of this State. Six years later he became a Brigadier-General, and in 1855 Adjutant-General of the State.

In 1860 he was brevetted Major-General by act of the Legislature for services in the Civil War. He was a member of the organization of the police force of the city on its present basis and in the establishment of the paid fire department. He had taken an interest in the police force of the city and devoted himself more or less in the earlier years of his life to certain classes of historical work. He wrote in 1855 a "Life of Fortson," and in 1856 "The Personal and Military History of Gen. Philip Kearny," his cousin. He was a member of the New York Historical Society and the Holland Society.

Gen. de Peyster had three sons in the civil war. The eldest, John de Peyster, Jr., was a Colonel for distinguished services at Chattanooga, and Frederic de Peyster, who was brevetted Colonel and later a Brigadier-General, was killed at the battle of Bull Run. His third son, John de Peyster, raised the first United States flag over Richmond in 1865 and was brevetted Colonel in recognition of his services.

Col. Johnston de Peyster died in 1903. About fifteen years before his death he was afflicted with his nervous system. The General and he were never forgiven by his father. The feeling between father and son grew as each year passed and they were never reconciled. In 1900 Col. de Peyster was a candidate for Village President. His father was ill at the time and he was elected. The book and ladder company was named in honor of Gen. de Peyster and the home company in the city of New York.

Mr. Keenan's first office was under Tammany Hall in 1875, when he was elected Alderman from his district. He was re-elected for four years, and then he was elected to the County Clerk's office. In 1881 he was elected County Clerk and served three years in that capacity. He was then elected to the County Clerk's office and served three years in that capacity. He was then elected to the County Clerk's office and served three years in that capacity.

Mr. Keenan never married, but maintained a comfortable home in the Seventh Street house, which he lived in for many years. He was a member of the New York Historical Society and the Holland Society.

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The Day and Night Barber Shop

Completed at an expense of \$30,000.

A Shave at Any Old Time

Realizing that the tipping off is un-American, I prohibit tips. The time of the business man is valuable; and particular men will find I have made ample provision for immediate, polite and efficient service. I employ 25 experienced barbers, 15 manicurists and a chiropodist. A shave, with rinsing and brushing, costs 25 cents. Our visit and you will become a staunch patron.

General News Ticker.

MARTIRE

1418 Broadway
Connette Metropolitan Opera House

CHAMBERLAIN KEENAN DEAD.

Past 71 and in Politics More Than Thirty Years.

City Chamberlain Patrick Keenan died at his home at 253 Seventh street, at 6 o'clock last evening. He was 71 years old. He celebrated his seventieth birthday at the Jefferson Club, the Tammany organization of the Eleventh ward. He was born at midnight on March 16, 1836, but he always celebrated on St. Patrick's day. A few days after his birthday Mr. Keenan attended the wedding of the daughter of Herman Stiefel of the Corporation Counsel's office and while returning from the wedding took cold. He was obliged to give up work and go to bed, and a few days later he had a slight stroke of apoplexy.

The doctors suspected hardening of the arteries on account of Mr. Keenan's age. Dr. Deland and Dr. H. W. Berg attended Mr. Keenan, who held his own until Thursday, when he began to sink. With him when he died were Mrs. Magie Morrisey, his old housekeeper, her daughter, Bridget's Church, and a few close friends. The news of the old man's death traveled quickly, and there were many callers at the house. Borough President Ahrens and Judge Newburger arrived a few moments after Mr. Keenan's death to inquire into his last wishes. He was not taken into Robert Pinkerton, Judge Gierich, David Gleason and John Fox, president of the Democratic Club.

Mr. Keenan will be buried at St. Bridget's on Wednesday at 10 o'clock in the morning. The burial will be in Calvary Cemetery. Mr. Keenan lived alone. He was an uncle of Hugh McNeaghs, son of a deceased sister.

Mr. Keenan, who had been a Tammany district leader for thirty years, was born in County Tyrone, Ireland. He received his early education in Ireland and came here at the age of seven years. He was 14 years old. Soon after he came here he served his time as a plumber's apprentice and later engaged in dock work. He was a member of the Police Association and a right hand. Later he and his brother opened a liquor store at Thirtieth street and Avenue B, where they prospered for some time.

Mr. Keenan became interested in the development of the East Side and invested his savings in the old Avenue C railroad. He was a member of the Police Association and a right hand. Later he and his brother opened a liquor store at Thirtieth street and Avenue B, where they prospered for some time.

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GIRL GONE, POLICEMAN GONE

SEARCH FOR LIZZIE GRADY TAKES A NEW TURN.

General Alarm for Mounted Officer Theodore D. Hess Calls for Her Arrest for Abduction—Evidence is Slender and Partly Furnished by Hess's Wife.

In the belief that Theodore D. Hess, a mounted policeman of the West 152d street station, can throw some light upon the disappearance of Elizabeth Grady, 14 years old, who has not been seen since she left her home on Washington Heights on April 20 on her way to church, there was sent out from Police Headquarters yesterday a general alarm directing that Hess be arrested for abduction. Hess has not been at the police station since Friday. He had his month's pay with him.

Elizabeth Grady lived with her father and mother at Fort Washington avenue and 189th street on the Nolten estate, of which Mr. Grady is caretaker. A few days after his daughter's disappearance Grady told Capt. Kreuscher of the West 152d street station that a policeman had said to him:

"If you want to find your daughter find Policeman Hess. When you find Hess you'll find your daughter."

Inspector Sweeney was consulted and he advised that a watch be kept on Hess. As far as the watchers could learn Hess when on duty spent all of his time either in the station house or at his home, 201 East 118th street, where he lived with his wife and one young child.

About the time the watch was put on Hess a report reached the police that the Grady girl had been seen on the street in an automobile. The police turned to this and other clues and left off watching Hess. Among the many communications which the police received about this time was a letter from a woman who signed herself "A. A." She wrote from Stamford, Conn., saying that ten days before, while shopping in New York, she had gone for the night to a lodging house kept by a Mrs. Smith at 780 Second avenue and while there had seen a man and a young girl who wanted lodging for the night. The man introduced the girl as his sister. He said that the girl was Elizabeth Grady. The letter ended with a description of the man. The description fitted Hess rather closely.

Capt. Kreuscher went to see Mrs. Smith. She remembered the man and girl, and her descriptions tallied well with the general appearance of both Elizabeth Grady and Hess.

Hess was called before his captain and asked point blank what he knew about the case. He told a straightforward enough story, denied knowing anything about the girl and added that he knew that he had been watched.

Yesterday Hess got his month's pay and left the station house saying that he was going home. He returned to the station house, where he remained until this morning. He should have reported for duty at 8 o'clock Saturday. Other policemen at the station house say that he had his pay still with him when he came home, but what was supposed to have been a visit home.